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# THE LOUISVILLE DAILY JOURNAL.

VOLUME XXX. LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, SATURDAY, JULY 21, 1860. NUMBER 195.



## LOUISVILLE JOURNAL

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

PRENTICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE,

JOURNAL OFFICE BUILDING, GREEN STREET,

BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH.

Subscriptions—Daily, delivered in the city.....$10 00
Daily, by mail, in advance.....5 00
Country Daily.....5 00
Tri-Weekly.....5 00
Weekly, in advance, at one copy.....2 00
In clubs of ten or over.....1 50

☞ Remittances may be sent in registered letters at our risk.

RATES OF ADVERTISING IN THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL FOR REGULAR ADVERTISERS.

One square, changeable weekly, per annum.....$40 00
do do 6 times a week, per annum.....60 00
do do 3 times do do.....100 00

Each additional square, on one half the above prices.

Advertisements published at intervals—$1 for first insertion and 50 cents for each subsequent one.

Announcing candidates, 25 per week for each name.

Yearly advertisers pay quarterly, all others in advance.

Real estate and steamboat advertisements, sheriff's and commissioners' sales, patent medicines, theatrical, circus, or similar advertising, not published by the year.

Advertisements for charitable institutions, fire companies, ward, and other public meetings, and such like, half price.

Editorial notices and communications, inserted in editorial columns and intended to promote private interests, 25 cents per line; those inserted at the discretion of the editors.

No communications will be inserted unless accompanied by the real name of the author.

Steamboat advertisements—25 cents for the first insertion and 12½ cents for each continuance; each change considered a new advertisement.

Advertisements inserted in the Evening Bulletin will be charged half the above prices; if inserted in Daily Journal and continued, after first insertion, in the Evening Bulletin, one-fourth the above prices.

Advertisements kept on the inside of the Journal are charged an extra price.

BUSINESS RATES—*In Weekly Journal.*—Each square (fifteen lines) first insertion.....$1 50
Each continuance.....50
Written notice must be given to take out and stop settlements of yearly advertisers before the year expires, others how we shall charge till done.
No contract of yearly advertisements will be discontinued without previous notice to us, and all any change made for less than one year at the yearly rates.



## MEDICAL.

THE PREMATURE

**DECAY OF YOUTH.**

JUST PUBLISHED BY DR. STONE,

PHYSICIAN to the Troy Lung and Hygeiatic Institute, a treatise on the early Decay of American Youth; the vice of Self-Abuse and its direful consequences; Seminal Weakness and other diseases of the Sexual Organs in both male and female.

The above work has received the highest commendation from several leading papers of the Union as one of the most able ever published on the subject of such a delicate nature. It is for gratuitous distribution, and it will be mailed in a sealed envelope to any part of the country free of charge, on receipt of two stamps for postage.

☞ *Fail not to send and obtain this book.*

**A Word of Solemn Conscientious Advice to those who will Reflect.**

A solemn fact that 100,000 die annually in the United States with consumption, marasmus, or premature decay. There cause is generally the result of an adequate cause. In view of the awful destruction of human life and health, by non-amus or premature exhaustion and decay of the nervous system—nervous debility, caused by sexual diseases, such as the vice of Self-Abuse, Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Impotence, Leucorrhœa, Virulent *private* diseases, both in male and female, and Sterility, and organic diseases of the kidneys, and in view of the deception which are practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by quacks and base pretenders, the Director of the Troy Lung and Hygeiatic Institute have instructed their attending physician to give medical advice, gratis, to all patients thus afflicted, under the following terms, as may apply better or personally, with a description of their cases, to a true and reliable means of cure. And the Institution proposes to treat the unfortunate, and in cases of extreme poverty and suffering, for a sum that will only compensate the cost of medicine.

☞ The most reliable consultation advice will at all times be given by the physician of the Institution, both to Male and Female, in the delicate diseases of the sexual organs. Medicines and treatment will be sent by mail or express to applicants, to all parts of the country, and the Institution will guarantee the success of treatment.

☞ The attending physician will be found at the Institution for consultation, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. of each day. Sunday, 9 to five o'noon.

Address DR. ANDREW STONE,
Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygeiatic Institution, and Physician for disease of the Heart, Throat, and Lungs, 96 Fifth street, Troy, N. Y. 7d&wly

MANHOOD.

**How Lost, How Restored,**

*Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope,*

A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT, AND RADICAL CURE OF SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Seminal Debility, Nervousness, and Involuntary Emissions, producing Impotency, Consumption, and Mental and Physical Debility.

By ROB. J. CULVERWELL, M. D.

The important fact that the actual consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without the usual medicines or the dangerous applications of caustics, instruments, model steel bougies, and other quackish devices, is here clearly demonstrated, and the entirely new and highly successful treatment, as adopted by the celebrated author fully explained, in such a manner that every one is enabled to cure himself perfectly, and at the least possible cost, therefor avoiding all the advertised boasting trums of the day. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal to any address, *post paid*, on the receipt of two postage stamps. Address Dr. CHAS. J. C. KLINE, M. D., 480 First Avenue, New York. Post Box 4,586. 4d&wly

Wanted,

ENERGETIC CANVASSERS for our popular and rapid-selling Pictorial Bibles. For particulars, call at our office, No. 6 Masonic Temple.

7d&1y BILL & BROTHERS.

FEED MILL

AND

FEED STORE.

MILLER & KIVETT,

Main street, between Eighth and Ninth streets,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

WE have in successful operation one of FELTON'S PORTABLE GRIST-MILLS, and are prepared to grind all kinds of Feed Stuff, Corn Meal, Corn and Cob Meal, Corn and Cob with Wheat, Rye, Oats, and Flour for sale, and do Grinding cheap for cash. louisville

REMOVAL.

Brandies & Crawford,

GRAIN DEALERS,

HAVE removed to the new Warehouse on the southwest corner of Main and First streets.

We will pay the highest market price for all kinds of Grain, delivered at our store or at any good shipping point on the Ohio river.

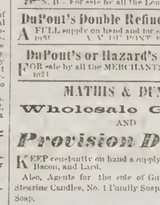
BRANDIES & CRAWFORD.

d&8 dlf

NOVELTY WORKS

IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERY,

Steam Engines & Circular Saw-Mills.




WE ARE MANUFACTURING STATIONARY AND Steam Engines and Circular Saw-Mills of the latest and most approved pattern. Works on Preston street, Louisville, Ky.

ALBERT GRIFFITH,
JOHN SWIFT,
JOHN SWIFT, JR.
may 21 d&w1y

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

E. R. DURKEE & CO.,

SELECT SPICES,

Guaranteed under

ABSOLUTELY AND PERFECTLY PURE,

but ground from fresh spices, selected and cleaned by a process for the purpose without interference. They are beautifully packed in tinfoil-lined with paper to prevent injury by keeping, and are full weight, while the ordinary ground Spices are almost invariably short. We warrant them, in full strength and fresh and rich flavor,

BEYOND ALL COMPARISON,

as a single trial will abundantly prove.

Manufactured only by E. R. DURKEE & CO.,
No. 1 Platt street, New York.

GUNPOWDER.

DUPONT'S

RIFLE AND BLASTING POWDER,

IN METAL KEGS.

Water-tight and Fire-proof.

We have in magazine a full supply of the above celebrated brand of Powder, in the *patent iron kegs*, and for sale at same price as wooden kegs by

A. V. DuPONT & CO.

☞ N. B.—For sale by all the Louisville merchants.

DuPont's Double Refined Saltpetre,

A FULL supply on hand and for sale by
A. V. DU PONT & CO.
apr5 d1m 47 Main st.

DuPont's or Hazard's Gunpowder

FOR sale by all the MERCHANTS IN LOUISVILLE.
m21

MATHIS & DUNCAN,

Wholesale Grocers

AND

*Provision Dealers,*

KEEP constantly on hand a supply of Fresh Groceries, Bacon, and Lard.

Also, Agents for the sale of Gaukel & Co.'s extra Stearine Candles, No. 1 Family Soap, German and Palm Soap.

Also, sole agents for Madison Star Mills Extra White Wheat Flour, which they guarantee to be equal if not superior to any Family Flour in the market.

South side Market street, between First and Second.
19

Manufacturers' Articles.

J. & C. REAKIRT,

52 SECOND STREET, CINCINNATI, O.,

Keep a full supply of

MANUFACTURERS' ARTICLES:

Carding Machines;
Warping Mills, assorted colors;
Machine cards;
Wire Heddles and Frames;
Shuttles;
Steel Reeds and Pickers;
Lucigan and Picker Leather;
Harness Twine;
Hackling, Tenter Hooks;
Comb Pins, &c.

ALSO A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Dye Stuffs, Cochineal, Cudbear, Indigo, Madder Clutch Logwood, Fustic, Nicaragua, Camwood, Sumac, &c.

GEORGE MOORE, J. L. WHITTIER, J. J. ROBINSON,
of Wiechester, Ky., of Georgetown, Ky.

MOORE, WHEELER, & ROBINSON,

Wholesale Grocers,

PRODUCE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE STAR NAIL WORKS.

Manufactured from Pure Charcoal Iron,

AND AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

Cold and Hot Blast Pig Iron,

mar21 d1f No. 346 Main street, Louisville, Ky.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

HAVING opened an extensive new assortment of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, &c., I would respectfully call the attention of my numerous friends and the public generally to my stock, on examination of a rich and beautiful selection of goods. I have now and will constantly on hand, my stock large, perfectly new and fresh and of the latest fashions—which I offer for sale at the lowest prices for cash. I pride myself on how upon the excellence of style and quality of my goods that I offer for sale, and I defy competition. Dealers and country dealers generally, and strangers, are respectfully requested to look over my stock before making purchases elsewhere. Having had many years experience in the Wholesale Jewelry Trade, I am enabled to offer inducements to dealers that cannot fail to please. All goods as represented. Orders solicited from dealers or others, and will receive prompt attention.

A. STRINAU,
No. 58 Main st., 2nd door from Third st.,
oct15 dlfr above Bach, Harr & Co.'s Dry Goods Store.

JOHN C. TERFLOTH & CO.,

Sole Agents for

EUGENE CLIQUOT'S CHAMPAGNE,

No. 46 Wall st.

apr25 dlf

Great Bargains in Lumber.

THE Pennsylvania Lumber Company, about closing their business here, offer their entire stock of Lumber at retail at reduced prices, 1,200,000 feet of choice seasoned White Pine LUMBER, *thoroughly seasoned*, embracing a general variety of Dressed Flooring, also Weatherboarding, Planing, and Shelving, White Pine Shingles and also Shingles, Poplar Bo Sash, and Sash-door Fencing and Scantling. This is a rare opportunity for investment. Office, corner Second and Market streets.

STEPHEN CHARLS.

POWDER

OF ALL qualities constantly on hand and for sale by DAVIS & SPEED, Agents of Oriental Powder Co., Louisville.

Louisville, Sept. 2, 1859.

MESSRS. DAVIS & SPEED, Agents of Oriental Powder Co., Louisville:

*Gents.* We have been using your Blasting Powder and we take pleasure in stating that we find it round if not superior to any Powder that we have ever used.

ARTHUR CAMPBELL,
Superintendent for Smith & Sawyer.

I cordially concur in the above and cheerfully recommend it to the public.

J. D. SMITH.

I consider the above Powder superior to any that I have ever been able to obtain.

H. FOSKIT.

I take pleasure in recommending your Indiana Oriental Rifle Powder as equal if not superior to any we have ever used, it being very cleanly and strong. This we assert after a thorough trial. Respectfully yours,

GEORGE W. WOMACK,
J. [illegible] & BRENT,
S. P. BROWDER,
B. A. KNAPSHIP,
ZACHARY L. TAYLOR,
A. [illegible].

apr5 dlf

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

CAPE ISLAND, CAPE MAY, N. J.

THIS large first-class Hotel will be opened for the reception of guests on the 15th of June next.

The house has been completely repaired and refurnished.

A new cooking range, ovens, steam boilers, and every modern improvement added.

Extensive stabling attached to the premises.

All trains for accommodation of guests, Cape Island, New Jersey, will be promptly attended to.

LAIRD & WOOLMAN.

JAMES H. LAIRD, late proprietor Mount Vernon Hotel, Philadelphia.

S. W. WOOLMAN, formerly proprietor Mount Vernon Hotel, Cape Island. 31d&2wg

WHITE HOUSE—30 bbls White Pine received and for sale 28s by
W. H. BURCHARDT, 417 Market st.
apr17

SUGAR CURED HAMS—20 throes superior fancy Hams received and for sale by
W. H. BURCHARDT, 417 Market st.
apr17

TWO CLOSE CONSIGNMENTS—
50 bbls choice Sugar;
200 bbls and half bbls choice Plantation Molasses;
7 casks choice sugar-cured Cincinnati Hams.
For sale by [illegible]
BRANNIS & SUMMERS.

7 YEAR OLD BOURBON—7 bbls 7-year-old Bourbon Whisky on consignment and for sale by
W. H. BURCHARDT, 417 Market st.
apr17

FRENCH LEMONS—25 boxes prime French Lemons in store and for sale by
V. D. GAETANO & CO.
jy4

COFFEE—
100 bags choice Rio;
50 do Java do; for sale by
CASTLEMAN & TORBITT.
jy2

WINE—
75 casks Madeira Wine;
50 casks Sherry do;
10 casks Port do;
10 do Claret do;
35 bbls Malaga do;
In store and for sale by
MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.
jy16

Summer Reading.

I HAVE now on hand some of the best works for summer reading that have been had in the city, such as all the popular authors of the day, in all styles of binding, and at the lowest rates. Call and see them at
F. MADDEN'S Bookstore,
321 Third st., old No. 83.
jy14

CHEESE—50 boxes W. R. cheese received per steamer Bent Moss Mechlian and for sale by
JNO. F. HOWARD & CO.
jy16

CANDY SUGAR—20 bbls stove-dried Candy Sugar for sale by
ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.,
Corner Second and Washington sts.
jy7

Low Notice.

C. S. MORRISON, C. M. BRIGGS,
Late of Frankfort, Ky. Late of Boonville, Green, Ky.

MORRISON & BRIGGS,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

MESSRS. MORRISON & BRIGGS will practice Law in partnership in the Courts held in the city of Louisville, and in the Federal Courts held in the city of Frankfort. In the absence of one a reliance of either will secure the attention of both.

Prompt Attention Given to the Collection of Claims.

Office on Jefferson street, between Center and Fifth.
jy2 d1f

GOFFE'S PATENT

KNITTING MACHINES.

For Plain Stocking, and Fancy Knitting, also

Machines for Knitting Drawers, Shirts, &c., in all sizes.

Rib Machines of 1 & 1, 2 & 1, 2 & 2, and 3 & 2 Rib.

THESE Machines are the plain English Spring Needle, on a new principle, and are the cheapest and most rapid machines for knitting in use.

The Goffe Patent Family Knitting Machine *for Family and Plantation* use, is a new and successful invention in the useful inventions of the day, and looks with the Sewing Machine.

AGENCY AND SALE ROOM,
NO. 577 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
HENRY C. LEE, Agent.
jy8 d2m

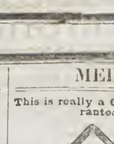
JOHNSTON & REHWALD,

No. 72 Fourth street, Opposite National Hotel,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN all LIVERY STABLE FURNITURE, Japanned Enamel Mountings and all the new styles of Fine Hair Ornaments executed in the most superior style, and at low prices. All work warranted. Prices reasonable. Old goods taken in exchange. dmer d1y

## MEDICAL.

This is really a Good Medicine, warranted to Cure.




BOB ISLAND, Bedford, Va., Nov. 1, 1854.

MESSRS. DOBY & CO.—Gentlemen: I used about one-fourth of a bottle of your Tar! on upon the back of our horse, the worst back I almost ever saw, and in a short piece nearly as large as my hand, and the slightest application (I only applied it once) cured it entirely, and it is permanently. I really was surprised at the success of its general properties, and I think it more prompt and effectual than anything of the kind I ever used, and I have sold thousand of bottles of other preparations for similar purposes.

Respectfully, J. P. BONIFRANT.

STRUTHERSVILLE, Va., January, 1855.

GENTLEMEN: My old mare, Belle, about seven years old, is losing side of her tail in front of the root, the size of a dollar on the lower side about 2 or 3 inches long, and continued to bleed until cold weather. I had to cut him not bravely. I could not get it to heal up. I got a piece of tin as with your Tar! On and laid it on the out, and in a short time it healed up entirely. I have used it on my horses, and found it to be a good article. I would like to be able to work a team. I continue to dress the wound two or three weeks with the Tar! and it has entirely healed. The old mare is living well, and he was at work again.

Very respectfully, WM. CLAIBORNE JONES.

Messrs. Doby & Co., Richmond, Va.

For sale by CARY & TALBOT,
EDWARD WILDER,
W. SPENCE & BRO.,
THOS. SCORGIE,
GEO. W. HART.

And all Druggists and Country Merchants in the State.
m-oct7 d1y

LOUISVILLE

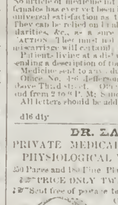
GALENIC DISPENSARY,

INCORPORATED 1858.

For the Cure of all Private Diseases,

AND FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF QUACKERY.

Office located corner Fifth st. and Court Place.



THOSE AFFLICTED WITH ANY disease of a private nature, before trusting to the care of Self-styled Physicians, would do well to call at the DISPENSARY, and learn something of themselves, as by so doing they may save time, money, health, and perhaps life. The Proprietor of the Galenic Dispensary has devoted many years to the study and treatment of Diseases of a Private Nature, Sexual Weakness, Impotency, Nervousness, Female Diseases, &c., &c., with a full experience of 20 years, and has had unusual Advantages, in dispensable consideration, for the study of these diseases in all their various forms, and has the satisfaction of knowing that he is entitled to introduce into our practice, and the public generally, the most perfect and reliable remedies, SPECIFIC, and otherwise being paid to their cures, which are accessible to all persons in need of the aid of a Physician in our PECULIAR department of professional practice.

Medicine with full directions sent to any part of the United States or Canadas, by confidential communication, their shipment by letter. Business correspondence strictly confidential.

☞ Dr. LACROIX is the only Physician in this city who has established, under the name of DR. LA CROIX.

☞ To ensure safety to all letters should be addressed to "THE LA CROIX MEDICAL INSTITUTE,"
apr 23 d&wtf No. 51 Maiden Lane, Albany, N.Y.

"BOKER'S BITTERS."

FOR more than thirty years, I have stood unequalled and unrivalled as a standard article, and will always continue to do so. Purchasers will find these Bitters to be the purest and only safe article of the kind in the market. It has only to be known to be appreciated. A large lot in store and for sale at the Western Agricultural and Seed Warehouse of
G. W. BASHAM, 52 Main st.
apr21

FANCY CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS—A new lot just received, to which we call the attention of the trade.
1-14 A. VON BORRIES & CO., 55 Main st.

SOFT SHELL ALMONDS—15 bag soft shell Almonds for sale very low by
A. BORIE, Third st.
jy7

COFFEE—50 bags Rio, Laguayra, and Java Coffee in stock and for sale by
GOOD & MOODY.
jy3

SHOT—30 bags assorted numbers in store and for sale by
ALLEN, MOORE, & HADEN.
jy6

RICE—20 casks fresh best just received per railroad and for sale by
ALLEN, MOORE, & HADEN.
jy6

FLOUR—40 bbls A No. 1 Extra in store and for sale low, to close consignment, by
ALLEN, MOORE, & HADEN.
1-6

FLOUR—40 bbls Extra family for sale by
CASTLEMAN & TORBITT.
jy12

MOLASSES—
80 bbls prime Molasses;
25 ½ bbls do;
30 bbls Sugar-House Molasses;
10 bbls Sugar-House Syrup;
50 kegs do do;
In store and for sale by
MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

CORDAGE—
100 dozen Hemp Hed Cord;
50 do do Plow-lines;
500 lbs Broom and Sacking Twine;
25 coils Cotton Rope;
150 lbs do Seaving;
500 lbs do Wrapping Twine;
In store and for sale by
GEO. W. MORRIS, 134 Third st.
jy8

To Millers, Produce Merchants, and Grain Dealers.

THE subscribe call the attention to the Professional Men in Louisville to purchase all sizes of grain and Country Produce. Increased facilities, experience and capital will enable me to offer inducements to dealers that cannot fail to please. Office on Jefferson street, between Fifth and Sixth, north side, over Bacon, Hart & Co.'s Dry Goods Store.

Refer to Messrs. Bacon, Hart & Co., Louisville; Messrs. Hunt, Morrison & Co., Louisville; Messrs. Hunt, Morrison & Co., Cincinnati; Messrs. Hunt, Morrison & Co., Pittsburg; Messrs. Hunt, Morrison & Co., Philadelphia.

C. M. BRIGGS.
jy7 d1m

HEADQUARTERS FOR

SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, VALISES, &c.

THE undersigned, having purchased the entire stock of Saddlery Hardware, Trimmings, &c., of the late firm of Hall & Bro., and added thereto a large and well-selected stock of the same class of goods, is now prepared to offer to the trade the largest and most complete assortment of Saddlery Hardware, Trimmings, &c., to be found in the city, at prices which will defy competition.

Also, a full assortment of Saddles, Harness, Trunks, Valises, Whips, Collars, Horse Clothing, &c., &c., which will be sold at the lowest prices.

Orders solicited, and promptly filled.

JOHN HALL,
No. 57 Main st., between Fifth and Sixth.
jy7 d1m

## MISCELLANEOUS.

W. H. STOKES,

(SUCCESSOR TO F. & W. H. STOKES.)

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

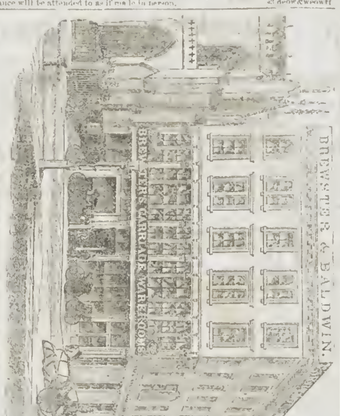
COACH AND SADDLERY HARDWARE,

Old-established Saddlery Warehouse,

No. 435 Main St., between Fifth and Sixth,

Louisville, Ky.

☞ Merchants and Manufacturers would find it to their interest to examine our stock before making their purchases, and orders from a distance will be attended to as if on the premises.
d dec 8 wcowtf




## MISCELLANEOUS.

UNION HALL,

Saratoga Springs, New York.

THIS well known Hotel, pleasantly located on the west side of Broadway, and opposite the celebrated CONGRESS SPRINGS, open for visitors June 5, for the season.

In addition, last finished, of a hand-some brick building, 31 feet long by 65 feet wide and five stories high, it is much the largest Hotel in the place, having a front of over 150 feet, and can accommodate over 1,000 guests.

The Dining Hall, Kitchen, and Laundry are unsurpassed in this country in extent and completeness, and probably in the world.

The court, 1 closed by the main building and family cottages, forms a lawn of several acres in extent, interspersed with shade trees, and the admirable location for the health and pleasure of invalids and pleasure seekers is unsurpassed.

Extensive bowers are also attached to the premises, affording every facility for excursions for the accommodation of guests.

The management of Union Hall, we trust, will meet with the approval of all who may favor it with their patronage.

PUTNAM & PAYNE.
jy20 d2m

ST. CLOUD HOTEL,

Corner of 4 th and Summer streets,

Nashville, Tenn.

SAMUEL J. PARTER, Proprietor.

THIS House has been greatly enlarged, thoroughly renovated, refurnished throughout in the most costly and elegant manner, and is now one of the most complete in the South or West.

Visitors to Nashville will find the ST. CLOUD HOTEL to be far more pleasant and desirable than any other house in the Southwest.
jy20

FAMILY KNITTING MACHINES.

A Necessity, a Source of Profit, Health, and Pleasure.

THE Aiken Knitting Machine Co., having located their principal office in New York, are prepared to supply the trade and families with their celebrated Machine and Needle. The Aiken Knitting Machine is simple in construction, easily learned, and not liable to get out of order, capable of knitting a variety of fancy and plain work, and is warranted for five years. Price $25. Needles, $1 per dozen. Agents wanted in every county in the United States and Canadas. Circulars sent free on application. Address
THE AIKEN KNITTING MACHINE CO.,
No. 377 Broadway, New York.

Times, Albany and N. Y. Atlas, Albany, N. Y. Argus, Albany, N. Y. Journal of Commerce, New York. Tribune, New York. Herald, New York. Sun, New York. Courier and Enquirer, New York. Express, New York. Post, New York. Mercantile Journal, New York. Commercial Advertiser, New York. Evening Post, New York. Transcript, Boston. Journal, Boston. Courier, Boston. Traveller, Boston. Post, Boston. Bee, Boston. Herald, Boston. Gazette, Boston

# LOUISVILLE JOURNAL,

FOUR STREET, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH

PRENTICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE, PROPRIETORS.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES—IN ADVANCE.

Daily Journal, delivered in the city, $10—at by mail $8 if paid in advance, or $10 if not paid within three months; semi-weekly Daily $5; Tri-Weekly $5 for any period less than one year $1 cents a month; Weekly $3. Evening Bulletin $5 if mailed $4.

CLUB PRICES—IN ADVANCE.

Weekly—Five copies or more $2.50 each.

ADVERTISING—IN DAILY JOURNAL.

One square (10 lines or less) first insertion.....$1 00
Each additional insertion.....25

WEEKLY JOURNAL.

One square (10 lines or less) first insertion.....$1 00
Each additional insertion.....50

☞ For all particulars as to terms of yearly advertising, &c., see first column on first page.


FOR PRESIDENT,

## JOHN BELL,

Of Tennessee.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

## EDWARD EVERETT,

Of Massachusetts.

### National Union Electoral Ticket.

STATE AT LARGE:

W. H. WADSWORTH, of Mason.
E. TAN WINKLE, of Pulaski.

DISTRICT ELECTORS:

1—E. P. BARBOUR, of Caldwell.
2—L. L. HAYLETT, of Christian.
3—WM. SAMPSON, of Barren.
4—W. A. HOSKINS, of Clayton.
5—PHIL. LEE, of Bullitt.
6—W. H. FULKERSON, of Owsley.
7—HENRY HUBER, of Scott.
8—JNO. M. HARLAN, of Franklin.
9—JAMES GUTHRIE, of Jefferson.
10—W. S. RANKIN, of Grant.

UNION STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

G. BROWN, R. A. BUCKNER,
H. T. DUDLEY, HAMILTON POPE,
JOHN BODMAN, E. H. WATSON,
C. D. CARR, JNO. M. HARLAN.

For Clerk of the Court of Appeals,

GEN. LESLIE COMBS.

SATURDAY, JULY 21, 1860.

THE UNION—HENRY CLAY AND LESLIE COMBS.—When Henry Clay took his seat in the Senate of the United States in December 1849, and set about the great work of pacification for the accomplishment of which the voice of his countrymen had summoned him to the Capitol, he found, to his astonishment and mortification, that the Disunion feeling was far deeper and more extended than he had suspected, and was growing deeper and extending more widely each day. Alarmed at this threatening indication, and feeling that its correction was necessary not merely to the success but even to the fair hearing of the plan of pacification he designed to propose or of any plan whatever, Mr. Clay at once addressed himself with characteristic spirit and wisdom to the task of correcting it. He immediately undertook to overcome and allay the Disunion feeling at Washington by culling forth the Union feeling which he knew was slumbering in rich volumes in the Southern heart.

The step was philosophical as well as practical; no other step, indeed, would have been either rational or effectual. The step, however, required manifestly the aid of true and efficient coadjutors in the various States, coadjutors second only to the Great Pacificator himself in the ability to command the popular trust and arouse the popular will, coadjutors who in zeal and address and electrical energy should be to their respective States what their glorious leader was to the Union. Mr. Clay conformed to this requirement with the decision and unerring tact which were among the most wonderful of all his rare endowments. Although the emergency was a deeply critical one, governing, as it did in a large measure, the triumph or failure of the last and greatest undertaking of his long and brilliant life, and not impossibly the fate of his country, he neither tripped nor wavered. He decided instantly, and he decided right. In Kentucky, he singled out from a host of admired and gifted patriots Gen. Leslie Combs as his principal ally. Scarcely, indeed, had the peerless old leader taken his seat in the Senate and surveyed the stormy scene around him and looked off over the troubled sea of the Union when he addressed the following letter to his tried compatriot here:

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22, 1849.

MY DEAR SIR: I re eived your favor of the 11th inst. and thank you for its details. * * *

My object in writing you now is one of great importance, and I take pleasure in addressing it to you. It will do the country good and do you good.

The feeling for Disunion, among some intelligent Southern politicians, is stronger than I supposed it could be. The masses generally, even at the South, are I believe, yet sound; but they may become inflamed and perverted. The best construction of that feeling is to be found in the popular expression at public meetings of the people. Now, what I should like to see is such meetings held throughout Kentucky, as would express that the duinionists count upon the co-operation of our patriotic State. Can't you get up a large, powerful meeting of both parties, if possible, at Lexington, at Louisville, or elsewhere, with a strong language their determination to stand by the Union? I hope the Legislature and the Convention also, if it has time to assemble, will do the same. If you remain silent and passive, there is danger that the bad feeling may reach you. Now is the time for you to act. *You are the man to do it.* I inclose some resolutions which, or some similar to them, I should be happy to see adopted.

Prudence and propriety will suggest to you that too free a use of my name should not be made in getting up this movement. You will know the persons to consult with, and I wish you to keep me advised of what you do.

Your friend, H. CLAY.

GEN. LESLIE COMBS.

The resolutions Mr. Clay mentions in this letter as constituting a suitable expression of the Union feeling of Kentuckians were as follows:

1. *Resolved*, That this meeting is firmly attached to the union of these States, and that they go for it, one and indivisible, now and forever.

2. *Resolved*, That whilst this meeting would be most happy that the controverted question of slavery within the Territory recently acquired from Mexico, should be settled in a manner satisfactory to all parts of the Union, by the settlement of it, whatever it may be, will create any just occasion for dissolving the Union.

3. *Resolved*, That this meeting beholds, in the dissolution of our glorious Union, no remedy for any alleged evils, real or imaginary, but a great aggravation of them all, and contemplate that calamity wherever it is spoken of or thought of, as far transcending in magnitude and fatal consequences any of which complaint is now made.

4. *Resolved*, That, as far as all our efforts upon us, we will stand by, support, and uphold the Union, against all attacks from without or within, and against all ultraism, whether at the North or the South.

Noble words; which the Union-men of Kentucky to-day accept and proclaim as their own. We need not say that Gen. Combs, thus called to his country's aid by the voice of her most potent champion and protector, did *"lead off"* in behalf of the Union, and showed himself indeed *"the man to do it."* Nor need we say, for the facts are now historical, that, mainly under his auspices, Union meetings were held throughout Kentucky, which, combining with the like demonstrations in other States, rebuked and subdued and all but hushed the Disunion feeling at Washington, leaving Mr. Clay a comparatively free field for the employment of his unrivalled powers of conciliation and persuasion, which he exerted with triumphant success to his country and with imperishable glory to himself. Peace was restored to the Union under the solemn seal of the Compromise of 1850. All this belongs to the past!

But Leslie Combs does not. He is still amongst us in green and vigorous old age and with stainless faith. The survivor of the peace established by the Compromise of 1850, the survivor of the illustrious chief with whom he labored successfully to bring about that healing measure, he is to-day the same gallant, self-devoted, unswerving, passionate Union-lover that he was then, and that he has been always. For Leslie Combs is no holiday patriot. When he took his place under the starry banner of the Union, he enlisted for the war. Others have faltered, and fallen, but he through all vicissitudes has stood erect. He is every inch a patriot and a hero. He is personally and politicinlly as true as steel. And, now, when, thanks to the faithlessness of the men who have broken up the work of peace on which he labored with the immortal Clay, the black and bitter waters of sectional strife are once more surging across the land, and the giants task is to be performed anew, if the Union is to stand, now, when the appalling scene of 1850 is revived with frightful aggravations, when the Disunion feeling is stronger and more widespread than it was even at that period of tumult and sedition, who is the Disunionists not now counting upon the cooperation of our patriotic State? As they did then in their audacity, but have actually assumed a powerful faction in the midst of us by adopting its favorite as their leader, and through this deluded faction are vigorously contesting the State with the friends of the Union and the Constitution, now, when the Disunionists are rampant throughout the South and are thundering at our own doors, now, when they assail the honor of Kentucky as well as the integrity of the Confederacy, Leslie Combs, faithful to his character and his history, sallies forth at the head of the advance-guard of the grand Union army of the South, to beat back and beat down the infatuated Sepoys who form the vanguard of Disunion on our soil. Is there a Union-loving man in Kentucky whose heart does not leap and burn to swell that multitudinous Union guard, and to battle under its dashing, high-spirited chieftain on the first Monday in next August? If there is we would not have his heart for all the pearls in the sea or out of it.

Henry Clay is in the grave, but if his spirit ever walks the earth it will be forth on the 6th of August, breathing everywhere the spell of victory upon the Union hosts of Leslie Combs. It will traverse the loved hills and valleys of Kentucky like a fiery charm.

☞ The streets are uncommonly dry and dusty. Even our Baptist friends don't gainsay in this case the orthodoxy of *sprinkling*.

A POOR APOLOGY.—In our paper of Thursday we published an extract from a speech of Mr. John C. Breckinridge at Cynthiana in April 1855, as reported at the time in the organs of his own party, and neither then nor since denied by him. The extract was as follows:

It was natural for a man to prefer those of his own religious faith in voting, and *he himself would vote for one of his own way of thinking in religion rather than for another*, all other things being equal, *just as he would vote for a native in preference to a foreign-born citizen*, other things being equal.

Our neighbor of the Courier says that he will not deny that this was a correct report of what Mr. Breckinridge said, but he professes to think it of no special importance. He mistakes to offset it by showing, that, pretty near the same time, Mr. Breckinridge made a speech in Congress in opposition to a bill to prevent the importation of foreign criminals, paupers, lunatics, idiots, and blind persons into the United States. Now we don't see what any one can suppose that *this* has to do with the matter. Surely Mr. Breckinridge's advocacy of the unrestricted importation of foreign convicts and paupers and fools neither showed nor tended to show that he wouldn't, as he said he would, vote at the polls for a native rather than a foreigner, and go for a man of his own religious sect rather than for one of any other sect.

There stands the declaration of Mr. Breckinridge, reported by his own organs, and he cannot contradict it. We don't know that he has any disposition to contradict it. We are not aware that he has ever said anything inconsistent with it. There it is, and it embodies the sum and substance of Know Nothingism. It distinctly recognizes, as we have already said, the place of a candidate's birth and the character of his religious belief as just and legitimate matters to be considered by the voters. It is an avowal on the part of its author that he would never vote for a naturalized citizen or for a man of different religious belief from his own if he could vote for one of equal merit born in the United States and agreeing with him in matters of religious faith. It is in effect a distinct and emphatical announciation that he would wish, before deciding as to his vote between two or more candidates, to ascertain under what skies they were born and upon what sectarian platforms they stood.

Mr. Breckinridge, we presume, never belonged to any Know Nothing organization. He was not speaking under the pressure of the rules and requirements of any political society or party when he proclaimed, as a legitimate rule of action and as his own rule of action, a consideration which was in its whole spirit as pure and unadulterated Know Nothingism as that which the Louisville Courier so fiercely and vehemently inculcated at the same time.

☞ The Democratic convention at Frankfort, which assembled last Wednesday, did not contain representatives from half the counties in the State. There are about one hundred and ten counties, and less than forty of these sent delegates, though as one man answered to the call of twenty-two separate constituencies, we believe the number of counties reported as represented was sixty. This convention, which did not represent a majority of the party in the State, nominated Mr. M. Clarty for Clerk of the Court of Appeals, just as the larger portion of the Baltimore Convention placed Douglas in the field for the Presidency. Now if it was Democratic for the minority opponents of Douglas to go into other conventions at Baltimore and Richmond and nominate Breckinridge, why should not the majority of the counties of Kentucky nominate Mr. Bolling or any one else they choose for the Appellate Clerkship? If the secession at Baltimore was not factious, though a mere minority participated in it, we cannot see what objection the upholders of that movement can make to the proposed action of the Douglas men in discarding Mr. McClarty and taking up some other candidate. There certainly is "inexorable logic" in this view of the matter.

☞ We wonder whether the Breckinridge men, who are trying to carry things this year with a high hand and such a high head in Kentucky, having no words for the Douglas party except words of pride and defiance and scorn, are all the while aware of the interesting fact that their Breckinridge brethren just across the river in Indiana and their Breckinridge brethren in Virginia and their Breckinridge brethren in Pennsylvania, New York, Connecticut, and indeed all of the non-slaveholding States, are making earnest and even humiliating appeals to the Douglas men to agree to a coalition with them for the support of electoral tickets pledged to vote for either Breckinridge or Douglas according to future circumstances? And we wonder too whether they are aware that their very humble and suppliant Breckinridge brethren in all the States referred to find themselves spurned beneath the feet of the resolute and determined Douglas party.

Surely the friends of Breckinridge must see but miserable encouragement to work zealously for him here in Kentucky against the Douglas party when all the allies they have in more than half the States of the Union are upon their knees or bellies before that party begging for concert of action and receiving disdainful and remorseless cuffs and kicks from their relentless and haughty and disdainful foe.

☞ The two Democratic Conventions at Charleston and the two Democratic Conventions at Baltimore were certainly disposed to go as far as they dared in the way of sustaining and endorsing the Democratic party of the country. Democratic, yet not one of the whole four would so far put itself to shame as to say a solitary word for the Buchanan administration. From that one infamy they all shrank back with scorn and loathing.

But the late Yancey-Breckinridge Convention at Frankfort was abject enough to do what neither the Yancey-Breckinridge Convention at Charleston nor the Yancey-Breckinridge Convention at Baltimore nor either of the two Douglas Conventions could get its own consent to do. Yes, the Yancey-Breckinridge Convention at the capital of Kentucky last Wednesday endorsed the corrupt, offensive, fœtid, putrescent Buchanan administration from beginning to end—endorsed it up and down, sidewise, lengthwise, and diagonally. That body may safely defy all competition in the way of eating dirt—raw dirt, dirt-pies, dirt-puddings, and dirt-dumplings.

MR. GILLISS.—Our readers will see from the proceedings of the City Council, that, upon the occasion of the resignation of Mr. Joseph Gilliss, a high compliment was paid to him by his fellow-members.

The Louisville Journal and Mr. Gilliss differed last Fall as to the duty of the City Council in regard to street railroads, and some severe things were said by each party in relation to the other. That occasion, however, has now gone by, and we choose to forget its criminations and recriminations, and to remember only the many good offices previously rendered by Mr. G. to us and our paper and our political party.

We believe that Mr. Gilliss deserves what the gentlemen of the Council, with whom he was lately associated, say of him. He is a man of strong feelings, and no doubt has sometimes been misled by them, but we believe that he has ever been, in his official capacity, brave, fearless, vigilant, and honest. We regard him as a man who would rebuke and expose corruption, no matter in what disguise it might dare to approach him.

☞ Several papers have stated or insinuated that Col. Blanton Duncan has left his political party. The statement or insinuation is utterly unfounded. Col. D. is a zealous Bell and Everett man, and he embarks in the present canvass with his characteristic activity and energy. He has the will and the ability to accomplish much, for he is an experienced politician and has always been a national one, well acquainted with the leading men of all parties everywhere. The thanks of our party are due to him for his unequalled pecuniary liberality in all our past campaigns, and for the effective aid he has always rendered in planning and executing the requisite organizations. He fills a position in our political campaign which few if any others could fill so well.

☞ The Courier says "there are several postmasters in this State who have been active and officious in behalf of the candidate of one of the wings of the Black Republican party, who should be compelled to walk the plank without delay." When your own turn comes next March, you will not be so eager to proffer your advice. Then your song will be "no proscription for opinion's sake," and we shall have large instalments of holy horror at the axe of the guillotine.

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☞ The Douglas leaders and Breckinridge leaders in Memphis have been writing against each other for some time and have at last gone to stabbing. They have passed from the Black sea to the Red sea.

DISUNION "OBJECT TEACHING."—A new mode of training the infant mind, by familiarizing it with objects at the same time that the eye becomes accustomed to the symbolic letters, has been adopted in many of our schools. Acting upon a similar inductive principle, the Southern disunionists are familiarizing the minds of their section with the idea of a separate rotton confederacy, by a series of prophetic letters, professing to give a faithful account of public events at the time of writing which is in 1868, or eight years in the womb of the future. We have not seen these letters, which have been published in the Charleston Mercury, but the New York Journal of Commerce tells us they are addressed to the London Times—England it will be recollected is to be the great ally of the Cotton Republic—and have reached to Nos. 23 and 21. Having only the contents of these, it is impossible to say by what process the writer brings the state of affairs to the condition described in the letters, but the period (1868) seems to have arrived for a separation of the Southern from the Northern States, and measures have already been taken to organize a Southern Confederacy. A convention has been held at Atlanta, Georgia, which consists of Delegates from six cotton States; they have met, deliberated and resolved to form a separate Southern Confederacy—have adopted, as a temporary arrangement, the present United States Constitution, with such change as are required to make it conform to the altered circumstances of the case, and to the popular will respecting the election of President and Vice Presidents; a provisional government has been organized and elections immediately held, Mr. M— being chosen President, and Senator C——, of Alabama, Vice President. Of course all this could not be done without attracting the attention of the general government, and consequently Congress was agitated on the subject; but that body was held in check by the Representatives of nine Southern States which had not yet seceded—but were prepared to do so as soon as the new government could be organized—and by sympathizers in the House of Representatives from Northern States. But the President had ordered vessels-of-war to proceed to blockade Charlestsn, Savannah, Mobile, the Mouth of the Mississippi River, and all important ports of the Southern Confederacy. On receiving information of this movement, Southern troops were instantly marched to the threatened points, and all Northern vessels found in those ports were instantly seized and placed in condition to be turned against the assailants.

This, the letter writer prophesies, will be the condition of affairs on the 19th of February, 1868, and it is by such means that it is hoped to predispose the Southern States for a disruption of the Union. We can imagine no greater treason against the Constitution. No true friend of the country, no real patriot will allow himself to contemplate the contingency of a dissolution of our glorious confederacy; and this effort to educate the public mind and prepare it for such an event cannot be deprecated too severely. We may overlook the flippant Yancey, who exposes his selfish motives when he talks of precipitating a revolution of the cotton States, and we may feel compassion for the effects of a diseased mind upon a high order of intellect, such as Jeff Davis possesses, but the writer in the Charleston Mercury and others who, like him, are professed incendiaries, and lay their train cautiously and securely, deserve the execration of every true patriot.

☞ Miss Lizzie Dill—our Lizzie—intimates in her paper that she is against Lincoln and Hamlin, and the Indiana Sentinel invokes her to come out for Douglas and Johnson. We hope she won't commit herself until we can see her and talk with her. She will be wiser after she and we have put our heads together, and we hope she will find it as pleasant a mode of gaining wisdom as we shall of imparting it.

If Lizzie bares arms in this fight and bares her bosom to the battle shock on the Democratic side, we suppose we shall find her a new Joan of Arc, not perhaps more beautiful but far more terrible than her prototype. Well, we shall bravely seek her out upon every battle-field, partly in the glorious hope of making her prisoner by our personal prowess, and partly to keep anybody else from hurting a hair of her dear head. If we make a captive of her, we shall not have her bound, after the old Greek in Virginia and their Breckinridge brethren in Pennsylvania, New York, Connecticut, and indeed all of the non-slaveholding States, are making earnest and even humiliating appeals to the Douglas men to agree to a coalition with them for the support of electoral tickets pledged to vote for either Breckinridge or Douglas according to future circumstances? And we wonder too whether they are aware that their very humble and suppliant Breckinridge brethren in all the States referred to find themselves spurned beneath the feet of the resolute and determined Douglas party.

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RESTORATION MIRACULOUS!—IS IT SORCERY? OR WHAT?—The Louisville Courier, less than a month ago, announced the "end" of the Democratic party in these drooping yet spiteful terms:

The Douglas men, with the sanction and approval of their organs and associations elsewhere, have accomplished their work, and the great National Democratic party is no more, at the present, at an end.

Now, when the work of disruption which the Courier thus correctly described at the time of its occurrence is more complete and irreparable than it was then and is increasing and intensifying daily, our inexplicable neighbor announces the perfect restoration of the Democratic party in this buoyant strain:

The Democratic party is a unit. There are no divisions in its ranks, North and South, East and West, wherever the flag of the country floats, there Democracy is found.

Here is certainly the most miraculous restoration ever chronicled! What does it mean? Is this neighbor of ours is not the biggest sorcerer in the world, what is he?

The Courier is "confidently assured that Breckinridge will receive a larger vote in Indiana than Douglas."—*Democrat.*

If the Courier is "confidently assured" of this, the Courier must certainly have infinite assurance—and that of a very cool quality. Are there any admirers of the Courier who would risk a little or big wager that Douglas won't beat Breckinridge fifteen thousand votes in the State in which the Courier is "confidently assured" that Breckinridge will receive a larger vote than Douglas? Or are there any of the Courier's monied admirers who would risk their pile that Douglas won't beat Breckinridge in that State twenty thousand—or twenty-five thousand—or thirty thousand?

☞ The Washington Constitution says that it "can't swallow Douglas." We wonder if the editor of that paper thinks that any human being could swallow *him*. He might live in the Tongo Islands, and we would insure him for five cents against the teeth of hungry cannibals.

☞ O. Jennings Wise has written to the Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser to say there is no truth in the rumor that Mr. Breckinridge signed a petition to Gov. Wise for the pardon of Old John Brown. Who the deuce ever supposed he did?

☞ The Breckinridge men in Scott and Bourbon counties offered to bet $5,000 that Breckinridge would carry this State. This banter was accepted and the stake sent up to Scott to be placed in bank, but the seceders seceded from their determination.

☞ Our old National Union eagle will make all the Democratic chicken cocks spread their wings for a precipitate flight to their coops. At sight of our glorious spread eagle, each of them will be a spread eagle.

☞ George A. Colley, in a speech delivered before a Republican Club in Philadelphia, made the assertion that "the Bell and Everett movement North was only an appendage to the Breckinridge and Lane secession party of the South." That's the strongest drawing of Colley we ever knew—as strong as *ley*.

R. R. BOLLING A CANDIDATE.—We find the following in the Louisville Democrat of yesterday. We have no doubt at all that the Yancey-Breckinridge Convention at Frankfort, which, failed to express the will of a large majority of the Kentucky Democracy. However, they can express it themselves if they like:

TO THE DEMOCRATIC VOTERS OF THE STATE OF KENTUCKY.

It is well known that a call was made for a Democratic Convention to nominate a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Court of Appeals. It proved to be only a faction of the party, as appears by its proceedings. I had been a candidate before the meeting of the Convention. I had been the second choice of a united party when the lamented Ilevill was nominated. I had been appointed to the office by the Court after his death. Owing to assurances given me, and without understanding fully that the Convention was but the representation of a fraction of the party, I consented to the use of my name before the body. I am satisfied that I am not bound to recognize the result as the voice of the Democracy of this State, nor do I feel in honor bound to submit to the nomination. I, therefore, offer myself as an independent candidate for the office of Clerk of the Court of Appeals at the ensuing August election, and will stand along to the National Democratic party, and not to a sectional part of it. Of my qualifications and claims for the office, after all that has passed, I leave the public to judge. R. R. BOLLING.

☞ The Frankfort Convention on Wednesday last claimed Breckinridge and Lane as "the only true representatives of the national Democracy." Judge Moore, who reported the resolutions, must have a queer idea of the meaning and scope of the word "national." The Baltimore seceding convention which nominated them contained only sixteen delegates from all the New England States, and all of these were from Massachusetts and all office-holders but three, Cushing, Loring, and B. F. Butler. Cushing delivered one of the very first abolition speeches ever made in Congress, Loring used to be an abolition editor of the Garrison school, and B. F. Butler, when the gubernatorial candidate last fall, made such violent Freesoil speeches that the Executive Committee threatened to withdraw him if he did not moderate his tone. Collectors, postmasters, armory superintendents, and W. C. N. Swift, who figured in the famous live oak contract, made up the rest of the list. From New York there were but two delegates—one, Mr. Bartlett, a substitute, and the other, Collector Schell, whose complicity in the Fort Snelling and Willett's Point affairs has been so well established. There were four votes cast from Pennsylvania by the Collector, Postmaster, naval officer, Marshal, &c., of Philadelphia. There was not a single elected delegate present from New Jersey nor from either of the seven Northwestern States. And yet the nominees of a convention, so notoriously bound by geographical lines are claimed as "the only true representatives of the National Democracy!" What a transparent humbug!

DOUGLAS'S BACKBONE.—Messrs. Taylor of Louisiana, Pugh of Ohio, and Rust of Arkansas, in behalf of the Douglas National Executive Committee, have issued an address of explanation and counsel to the Democracy of the United States. They declare, as the universal sentiment of the supporters of Douglas and Johnson, that no compromise whatever is admissible, that they have made no proposition for a joint electoral ticket in any State, and that they exhort the rejection of such propositions indignantly whenever and wherever made. They say: "If we have any friends in any State, let them call a State convention at once and nominate a full electoral ticket, pledged to the exclusive support of Douglas and Johnson. We can agree to nothing else; because to acknowledge the right of a factious minority to dictate their own terms of co-operation, to suffer them to violate the solemn professions of the Democratic party, and trample under foot the national organization." This looks like unsubdued rebellion, and shows fight.

☞ If the spirits of the air were Dutchmen, they wouldn't brew rain storms but beer storms.

EDITORIAL AFFAIRS OF HONOR.—There is a rumor at Little Rock, Ark., to the effect that after the State elections an affair of honor will come off between Mr. Peck, editor of the Old Line Democrat, and Mr. Black, editor of the True Democrat. They are to keep their powder unburned until they have moved and toiled and sweated for Douglas and Breckinridge and the party leaders, and then they may hang and blaze away without molestation. The editor of the Arkansas State Gazette, occupying a friendly relation to both the gentlemen, deems it a duty to give them a word of caution, and, knowing the leaders of the party they are co-operating with better than they do, he feels competent to advise them. In the discharge of this duty, the Gazette editor hits somebody a hard rap by saying "it is a well known fact that the *leaders* of the party can send and receive challenges to mortal combat with impunity, for their friends are certain to *intervene*, prevent a hostile meeting, and have matters arranged in a manner alike honorable and satisfactory to all concerned," and then adds:

But we warn our two editorial friends to use proper caution if they do not expect or desire a meeting; for an affair between them would "alter the case," as greatly as on the memorable occasion when Mercutio and Tybalt "had at it" with fatious political leaders do not feel a very pressing necessity for the services of editors, and a duel in which one of them should be killed, or in the event of which one or more has to leave the country, sometimes relieves a successful politician from the obligation of paying for political services with a lucrative office, and is a very cheap way of furnishing "ways and means" of keeping above water until another canvass. For these and other reasons party leaders are not so apt to "interfere," and prevent duels between editors, *after*, as they are *before*, elections. Knowing the leaders in Arkansas, and having a due regard for our brethren of the quill, we have hopes that from fear to give them this admonition, and think that, in doing so, a good act has been performed.

A PRIVATE WORD.

BUFFALO, July 18, 1860.

*To the Editors of the Louisville Journal:*

GENTLEMEN: A Western "chap" has addressed me a letter, charging venality upon your correspondent Fitz Hugh Ludlow, and for a nominal consideration I will give the Western chap the Science of Melody, Harmony, and Composition.

As I always have and shall continue to keep my personal instruction the cooperation of the most talented teachers around me.

My new school will be open on Monday, the 3rd day of next mbr.

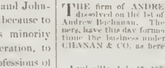
Terms—Fifty dollars per session of five months, payable in advance.

*Perpetual instruction* in Drawing, Painting, on the same terms, extra.

Application may be made to

DR. A. GUENTZ,
No. 167 Broadway, bet. First and Brook.

THE BEST
IS ALWAYS
THE CHEAPEST!



*The Erard Pianos*

ARE UNIVERSALLY ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE
THE BEST IN THE WORLD!
AND, OF COURSE,
Are the Cheapest in the End,

—

SOLE AGENT IN AND FOR THE WEST,
WM. McCARRELL,
No. 310 Jefferson st., bet. Third and Fourth,
Nearly opposite the United States Hotel.
jy21 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

## FINE CLOTHING.

THE very finest quality of CLOTHING can be found at the GREAT CLOTHING HOUSE of
SPROULE & MANDEVILLE,
jy21 Under the National Hotel.

## FINE LINEN AND LAWN SHIRTS

AT THE GREAT CLOTHING HOUSE OF
SPROULE & MANDEVILLE,
jy21 Under the National Hotel.

## DRESS TRAVELING AND BUSINESS HATS.

Headquarters No. 429 Main street,
B. tween Fourth and Fifth streets.
jy21 d&w1m PRATHER & SMITH.

## HIBBITT & SON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERY, FLOUR, and PRODUCE, No. 329 Market street, between Second and Third, Louisville, Ky. jy21

CHEESE, 57 boxes superior W. R. Cheese just received per mail-boat and for sale by
jy21 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

HAMS, 1,200 canvased Hams for sale by
jy21 GARDNER & CO.

STARCH, 500 boxes in store and for sale by
jy21 GARDNER & CO.

GRAIN BAGS—
15,000 Stark Mills 2 bushel Bags;
5,000 " " 3 " "
5,000 Hanover 3 " "
In store and for sale by
jy21 GARDNER & CO.

Capt. Mayne Reid.

WILD LIFE, by Capt. Mayne Reid.
WOOD RANGERS, by Capt. Mayne Reid;
At (jy21) CLARKE'S.

Godey for August.

THE LADY'S BOOK for August at
jy21 CLARKE'S.

New Books.

THE LATEST PUBLICATIONS by the best authors at
jy21 CLARKE'S.

Stationery.

THE finest and best qualities Paper and Envelops at
jy21 CLARKE'S.

Received:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for August.....Price 25c.
Leslie's " " " ..... " 25c.
Peterson's " " " ..... " 25c.
Godey's Lady's Book " " " ..... " 25c.
Also on hand a large lot of the latest Publications by the most popular authors. At
jy21 F. WIDDEN'S, 321 Third street.

GARNET AND PEARL JEWELRY just received at
jy21 KITTS & WERNES.

CARNIOLE AND PEARL JEWELRY just received at
jy21 KITTS & WERNES.

GOLD CHATELAINS just received at
jy21 KITTS & WERNES.

OLIVE OIL—100 dozen Olive Oil for sale by
jy20 d&w R. A. ROBINSON & CO.

## LOUISVILLE DENTAL DEPOT.

### Family Drug and Prescription Store

MOZART HALL,
CORNER OF FOURTH & JEFFERSON.
S. P. DAWES, Proprietor.
jan5 dw&1m&tf

## RUPTURE!

MARSH'S IMPROVED TRUSS,
THE
BEST IN USE.

We have the privilege of referring to distinguished Surgeons of this and other cities, and also to those who have worn the Truss.

SHOULDER BRACES.—MARSH'S new style, which are perfectly plastic, allowing free action to the muscles, and will not cut under the arm.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS.—Which are worn with much comfort, having shape and pressure adapted to suit the case.

SILK ELASTIC STOCKINGS.—For treatment of Varicose or Swollen Veins, &c.

A new style of SUSPENSORY BANDAGE, for treatment of Varicocle, Hydrocele, &c.

MARSH & CO., New York.

☞ All kinds of Supporters and Trusses for sale by
jan1 dly is S. P. DAWES, under Mozart Hall.

KEARSLEY CARTER. JAMES RUCHANAN.

## CARTER & BUCHANAN,

SOLE AGENTS FOR

## Kirby's Reaper & Mower

And Dealers in all kinds of
FARM MACHINES, SEEDS,
&c., &c., LOUISVILLE, KY.
nov17 d&w1y

## FOR SALE,

BEST QUALITY OF PITTSBURG COAL AT THE LOWEST PRICES. Also, BEECH BOTTOM COAL at much lower rates by
J. N. KELLOGG, Agent,
sept21 dtf Near the corner of Third and Main.

## REMOVAL.

## J. D. BONDURANT'S SEED & AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE

HAS BEEN REMOVED TO
Main street, near Sixth, No. 534,
Opposite the Exchange Hotel.

HE has secured the large and commodious Warehouse immediately in the rear and fronting on Sixth street, and has on hand a large stock of SEEDS and AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, in fact all the articles embraced in a large branch of his business, such as Threshing Machines, Wheat Drills, Horse Hay Rakes, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, Wheat Fans, Corn Mills, Cider Mills, Railroad Wheelbarrows, Road Scrapers, Chain Pumps, Churns, Meat Cutters and Sausage Stuffers, Grain Cradles and Shovels, Spades, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, Grain Sieves, Fruit Trees, &c. Also, Hemp, Cotton, Tobacco, and White and Castor Beans, Timothy, Clover, and Garden Seeds, Fruit and Ornamental Trees.

☞ Descriptive Catalogues of Machines, Implements, and Fruit Trees furnished on application.

jy11 dtf

## A. L. DWYER,

Office on Fourth St., bet. Market & Jefferson,
ENTRANCE ON FOURTH.

DENTIST,

AMBER BASE, for Artificial Teeth—a new and improved method of setting Teeth, which for strength, Spanish the Natural tissue cannot be excelled. Spectacles can be had and the work done at the office of A. L. DWYER.

### For Rent,

The large four-story WAREHOUSE now occupied by Smith Wilson & Co., on the north side of Main street, between Third and Fourth. Possession given on the 15th August next. Apply to
jy21 d&w1m LINDENBERGER & CO.

### For Rent or Sale,

A three-story DWELLING-HOUSE, with Store-Room and Cellar, located on the north side of Main street, second door above Floyd. Possession given First of August.
jy21 dtf&w HENRY L. POPE,
At the Mechanics' Bank.

### $100 REWARD.

Ran away from the subscriber, on Monday morning, July 16th, from on a residence, in Jessamine county, Ky., a negro woman named ANN, about 35 years of age, about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, weighing about 150 pounds, dark copper color, having quite a number of scars on which has a dark copy, tall grey, and having a large room on one of her great toes. She took with her a check apron and other dresses with her. I will give $50 for her if taken in the county, $75 if taken out of the county and in the State, or proof given that she can be recovered in one or more of so that I can get her.

jy21 dtf R. H. WIGGINTON,
Shortsville, Bullitt co., Ky., July 21—d&w1*

### NOTICE.

THE firm of ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO. was dissolved on the 1st inst. by the death of Andrew Buchanan. The undersigned, surviving partners, have this day formed a copartnership, and will continue the business under the name of ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO. as heretofore.

GEO. C. BUCHANAN,
CHAS. BUCHANAN.

Louisville, July 19, 1860.

GEO. C. BUCHANAN

SATURDAY, JULY 21, 3 A. M.

## Departure of Trains.

**JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD.**

LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE.

St. Louis, Chartiersail, and Chicago Express....6:00 A. M.
Cincinnati and Indianapolis Eastern Express...2:30 P. M.
St. Louis and Cairo Night Express.....7:15 P. M.

**LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY, AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.**

On and after Monday, April 23d, 1860, trains will leave New Albany as follows:

St. Louis and Chicago Express Mail.....7:00 A. M.
Chicago and St. Louis Night Express.....7:30 P. M.
Mitchell accommodation.....12:15 P. M.

ARRIVE AT NEW ALBANY.

Chicago Express.....8:25 A. M.
Chicago and Cincinnati Mail.....1:45 P. M.
St. Louis Mail.....7:30 P. M.

**LOUISVILLE & LEXINGTON RAILROAD.**

Passenger Train No. 1 at.....8:00 A. M.
Passenger Train No. 3 at.....3:45 P. M.
Accommodation Train at.....4:45 P. M.

**LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.**

Mail Train No. 1.....6:10 A. M.
Express Train No 2 (Sundays excepted).....6:20 P. M.
Lebanon Express (Sundays excepted).....7:40 A. M.
Lebanon Accommodation (Sundays excepted). 2:40 P. M.

For Clerk of the Court of Appeals,
**Gen. LESLIE COMBS.**
For Sheriff of Jefferson County,
**J. W. DAVIS.**
For City Marshal,
**W. R. HYDES.**

☞Gentlemen visiting thesprings can have the Daily Journal sent to them at 75 cents per month.

☞Subscriptions for the half-sheet Journal east of Eleventh street who fail to receive their papers will please notify us, as we purpose making a change in the carriers.

### TO YOUR TENTS, O ISRAEL!

### THE UNION MEN MOVING.

THIRD AND FOURTH WARDS.

The Union men of the Third and Fourth Wards will hold a meeting on Saturday evening, July 21st, at Odd Fellow's Hall, for the purpose of organizing a Union Club.

FIRST WARD.

The Union men of the First Ward are requested to meet at the Schwind's tavern on Saturday evening, July 21st. Come one, come all.

EIGHTH WARD.

The Union men of the Eighth Ward will hold a meeting at the Rescue Engine House on Saturday evening, July 21st, for the purpose of forming a Union Club and adopting a plan of organization. We understand that the "United Americans" will have on exhibition the veritable nail, of American manufacture, which split the Democratic party.

SIXTH WARD MEETING.—It has been suggested to us, and we take the liberty of suggesting to the National Union men of the Sixth ward, that, at their meeting in the city court room to-night, they make a nomination to supply the place in the Council made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Gilliss.

UNION MEN ATTEND!

The Union Men of the Sixth Ward are requested to meet at the City Court room to-night (Saturday), at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the Common Council to fill the unexpired term of Board 3 of Aldermen.

☞This is hot weather. We trust we do not abuse any confidence put in us by the Clerk of the Weather in saying that it is hot. Mercury is frantic in the thermometer and we will not say anything derogatory to the character of Mercury, but he is getting high every minute. Please "keep shady." Collars are suggestive of starch that was, and shirt-booms are

——"prest
Closely to the heaving breast."

Cold water (Adam's patent) is in the market with recommendations given by our distinguished friend Ice. Men feel like dissolution (and the Breckinridge party waxes toward the end of all things). It is hot; we proclaim, repeat, and assseverate that it is hot. Any man that is a lubin in Gilead: the Artesian well spouts. If you would retire to private life, take a bath-room and alternately bathe ideally in the delicious warmth of Southern coral groves and in the cool sea grottoes of the temperate zone. We have tried it, and if the Journal should make a pause you may know, dear reader, where we are spending our Summer.

☞We have received from W. A. McGill, General Photographer, 435 Main street, two doors above Fifth, a large and beautiful photograph of Mr. Bell, the next President of the United States, if Heaven will let us be prophetic. Mr. Bell has a noble face well suited to the noble cause he represents, and Mr. McGill furnished us a fine shadow of it. He is prepared to furnish any number of duplicates of the same. Put the face on your wall and the cause in your heart.

☞There is to be a Democratic barbecue at Jeffersontown to-day, and the Douglas men hold a ratification meeting in the evening, at which Mr. Taylor, the elector from this District, Josh Bullitt, Esq., and others will speak.

☞The thermometer ranged up to 98 in our office yesterday, still there was a grateful Southern breeze nearly all day.

☞The Breckinridge wing of the Democracy will hold a State ratification meeting at Indianapolis on the 31st of July, and the Republicans a similar convention the day after.

STEALING $2,000—*Arrest of the Thief.*—Last evening a notorious Cincinnati thief named James Wilson stole a valise from one of the Adams Express wagons and made off. Officer Bob Seay, however, caught Mr. Wilson and politely escorted him to Castle Thomas, where the knavish Wilson was treated to a cool room and a single bed. He took matters exceedingly cool, being quite familiar with the jail hospitalities of half our Western cities.

☞Yesterday morning about three o'clock a fire broke out in a carriage blacksmith shop on First street, between Main and Market, belonging to Mr. Hogin, and the building was consumed. It was a mere shed, however, and the damage was light.

Last evening during the high wind an alarm of fire was sounded. It fortunately proved nothing more serious than a burning chimney on Jefferson street.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.—Harper for August has been laid on our table by Mr. F. A. Crum. It is a very interesting number.

☞We are highly gratified to learn that Major Hunt and Col. Tryon were very successful yesterday in their efforts to obtain an encampment fund. They visited only a portion of Main street and in every house were met with a cordial welcome and a handsome subscription.

SUFFOCATED.—Two men engaged yesterday in cleansing a pit at the United States Hotel were sufficented by mephitic gas. It was with the greatest difficulty that they could be resuscitated.

☞A despatch was received yesterday stating that the Rev. Mr. Chinquy had been called to Europe and therefore would be unable to preach in Louisville next Sabbath, as was expected.

BASE BALL.—The final game of the match between the first and second nine of the Louisville Club will take place this afternoon on their grounds at Cedar Hill. The two former games of the match were well contested, and lovers of the sport may expect an exciting game this afternoon. The public are invited to look at them.

☞To our lady readers we would say, don't fail to call at the auction-rooms of our friends S. G. Henry & Co. this morning, and examine the rare and valuable collection of rich French china, Bohemian glass, and plated ware, which will be sold at auction on Monday morning next. It is seldom such a large and beautiful stock is offered at public auction.

☞The attentive Adams Express messengers on the Nashville road seem to be working under heavier steam this hot weather, for every day they deliver Southern papers to us hours in advance of the mail distribution.

☞A party of bathers in the river night before last very nearly met with a serious accident. One of their number was taken with cramps while swimming, but two others who were near him lent him their assistance. In his pain and fright the cramped man clung to them so tightly that all three were nearly drowned. But for the fortunate handiness of a skiff near by they would have met a watery grave, but all were rescued.

☞A boy named James Flaherty, aged about ten years, was seriously hurt yesterday by falling from a scaffolding about a new building up town.

☞Elder J. Francis has accepted an appointment as agent for Missouri of the Southern Baptist Mission Board.

☞The attention of steamboat owners is called to Mr. E. Richter's advertisement.

☞St. Paul's Church will be open on Sunday morning next, at 11 o'clock, for Divine service by the Rt. Rev. B. B. Smith.

☞The citizens of Clarksville and Montgomery county, Tenn., have organized an Agricultural Society, and fitted up spacious grounds for their Fairs. Their first Fair will be held this fall, commencing on Tuesday, October 23, and continuing five days.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Friday afternoon, in the Pond Settlement, John Quillman, a young man aged 17 years, had his arm taken off by a threshing-machine and died in about three hours afterward.

☞The Cincinnati Gazette is informed that a new countyfeit bill on the State Bank of Ohio, denomination one, had just been put into circulation. It has not seen the new issue, but understands that it closely resembles the genuine, and is apt to deceive even the most expert judges.

☞The Faculty of Bethel College, Russellville, is complete, as follows: President—B. T. Blewitt. Professors—J. R. Eaton, J. H. Fugua, E. M. Marele, and B. C. Hendrick. Elder W. W. Gardner, A. M., is Professor of Biblical Interpretation and Pastoral Theology. All are native Kentuckians except Mr. Hendrick, who is a Virginian.

☞At the last anniversary of the Union University of Tenn., the degree of L.L. D., was conferred upon Rev. G. W. Eaton, President of Madison University.

### RIVER AND STEAMBOAT MATTERS.

At this point the river is falling with 3 feet 7 inches in the canal. Upon the levee and at the Portland wharf business is excessively dull.

Freights and passengers are both remarkably scarce.

*For Memphis.*—The fine steamer Gen. Pike leaves for Memphis and all intermediate points this afternoon.

The mailboat for Cincinnati and the East this day at noon is the Superior.

Thanks to the accommodating officers of the John Gault for a copy of her manifest. She arrived last evening from Cairo.

The Pittsburg Gazette of Thursday says the river is about stationary with 22 or 23 inches on Glass House Ripple, which is scarcely sufficient to admit of a boat passing over light. The weather was very pleasant yesterday, the showers of the day previous having cooled the air considerably. There has been no arrivals or departures, with the exception of the Monongahela river packets, for several days past.

The Sovereign for New Orleans, and Melnotte for Pittsburg, were at St. Louis Thursday evening. The Lehigh was to have left for Pittsburg yesterday.

The E. H. Fairchild passed Cairo for New Orleans on Tuesday night and took a little freight from there. When she left she had a good haul.

A Cairo correspondent says the wharf boats there are crowded with freight, which continues to accumulate. The weather there is hot and the mosquitoes very troublesome.

The friends of Mr. Marion C. Stewart, late second clerk of the New Uncle Sam, will be pained to hear of his death at his residence in New Albany last evening. Mr. S. was taken unwell when the boat was near Memphis, some three weeks ago, and came home as soon as possible, when his disease rapidly assumed the twofold form of typhoid fever and pneumonia, resulting in his death in the very prime of life.

The river at St. Louis is falling very slowly—not more than two inches in twenty-four hours. The last boats from below report only 9¾ feet in the channel out to Cairo.

The Illinois river is falling slowly, with 3 feet below Peoria and 2½ feet above that point. The Upper Mississippi is falling from St. Paul down, with 4 feet on the upper and 33 inches on the lower rapids. The wreck of the Challenge is still in the way of steamboats crossing the rapids. Below Keokuk the packets report 5½ feet scant.

The Missouri river is falling all the way down from Fort Randall, with 5 feet in the channel.

The weather at St. Louis is extremely hot and sultry. Business on the levees is dull.

☞A vote on the Grey Eagle during her last trip from St. Louis to this city stood—Bell 83, Douglas 19, Breckinridge 12, Lincoln 5. A very large majority of the passengers were Kentuckians.

MILITARY ENCAMPMENT.—Gen. Buckner has issued his orders for an encampment of all the commissioned officers of the Kentucky State Guard to be held on the 16th August. It will be named Camp Boone. The officers will all be formed into Infantry Companies and perform the duties of privates. This will be a fine school for our citizen soldiery, and we hope the encampment will be a complete success. To make it so, as the State has provided no means to meet the requirements of the Commissary and Quartermaster Department, our citizens will have to exhibit their usual liberality, and furnish the funds—say to the amount of $3,000. The city of Saint Louis recently gave $4,500 for a like purpose, in which the municipal councils, the county, and the citizens all participated. Half that sum will be sufficient for our purposes, if the farmers in the neighborhood of the encampment will supply a portion of the provisions from their gardens. We should be much gratified to have arrangements made to invite the companies from Lexington, Frankfort, Georgetown, and other places in our State, and even extend the invitation to St. Louis and La Fayette, Indiana, where our soldiers received so much attention last year. If the people will depend upon the amount subscribed by our citizens, and not what will soon be called upon we hope they will be prepared with a patriotic and liberal sum.

THE TWO DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.—As has already been announced to our readers, two Virginia Democratic Conventions will assemble on the 16th of August—the Seceders' Convention at Charlottesville, and the regular National Democratic Convention at Staunton. The one to assemble at Charlottesville will be composed of Seceders and friends of Breckinridge, and the one to assemble at Staunton will be composed of National Democrats and friends of Douglas. Both of these Conventions, we repeat, meet on the same day.

The sole object of the Seceders Convention at Charlottesville is to entrap or intimidate the friends of Douglas into the support of the Yancey-Breckinridge ticket. These Seceders have become alarmed, and, although they have pursued and persecuted Douglas with Richmond ferocity, are now piteously calling upon the Douglas men in Virginia to save them from the folly of their own course! If these Seceders have repented of their course at Baltimore, in breaking up the National Democratic party, and uniting their fortunes with Yancey and his Disunion confederates in the Gulf States, why do they not openly acknowledge the fact, and beg pardon of the regular organization of the Democracy, and come out in support of the regular candidate of the party, Stephen A. Douglas.

THE COUNTRY.—The people in the country now are busy gathering their hay and clover, and the monotonous sound of the rifle board, wherein the glittering scythe, rings out from every meadow, and the tall grass falls rapidly before the strong arm of the bronzed reaper, while all is redolent of sweet perfumes, borne on the breath of balmy breezes. Soon the hay will be *made* while the sun shines, and little stacks will spring up over the fields until the whole country will look like a vast military camp ground. We condole with the meadow larks and congratulate the grammiverous world.

THE TROT THURSDAY.—The Cincinnati Enquirer says the knowing ones got a pretty heavy fall in the trot which came off Thursday over the Cincinnati Trotting Park. The race was for a purse of $2,000 three-mile heats, best two in three, to harness. The contestants were John L. Cassiday's mare, "Lady Gay," and Colonel A. Daniels' gelding "George Crenin." The horse had the call at the start, with bets of a hundred to forty freely offered with but few takers. The first heat was contested, and the mare went off her legs on the home stretch, and coming in ahead on the run to the score, the heat was pronounced as "dead" by the judges.

The second heat the horse appeared dispirited, and trotted as if leg-weary, leaving the heat an easy contest to the mare, although the gelding's driver, Col. Daniels, handled the reins to perfection, and by his skilful management saved his distance. The third and last heat, however, he was not so fortunate, and the heat and race was easily won by Rockey, who held the ribbons over the mare and distanced his antagonist with scarcely an effort. The following is the summary:

John L. Cassiday enters "Lady Gay"..... 0 1 1
Col. A. Daniels enters "George Crenin"..... 0 2 2
Time—2:38, 2:37½, 2:37½.

THE WHEAT PROSPECT.—Those who have carefully noted the reports of the wheat crop from all sections of the Union are well aware that the crop just harvested is a very short one, in the aggregate. Nevertheless, the price of wheat continues to rule very low; the result of n determination on the part of the heavy operators to compel the farmers to take low prices for produce. It will be remembered that from the moment the last wheat crop began to be sent to market until it was nearly all gotten out of the farmers' hands the price ruled low; and then, for nearly three months it has stabled in an alley at Baten-Rouge, Mercer county. Eleven of the combatants were arrested, but it was not ascertained who killed the unfortunate man.

☞Elder J. B. Tharp has resigned the pastorate of the Baptist Church in Frankfort.

The weather is hot and dry, with apparently not much prospect for rain soon. Vegetation generally, hereabout, is suffering on account of the drouth.—*Russellville Herald.*

☞These two paragraphs from yesterday's Democrat are capital:

Our Snobbig asks why the regular Democracy are like lucky hungry men in the morning? Because they are getting Breck-fast.

The editor of the Lebanon Democrat calls some of his friends "flies on his horns." We imagine he had several large "flies" in his horns by his method of speech.

☞Soque one has discovered in these lines of Virgil, evidence that "the cattle disease" was known to the Romans:

Non inscia cravos tentabunt pabula fetus,
Nec *mala* vicini pecoris *contagia* laedent.
(Lines 50 and 51.

[No unhealthy fodder shall taint your fruitful cattle, nor shall contagious diseases from a neighboring herd injure them.]

*Editors of the Louisville Journal:*

BURKSVILLE, July 12, 1860.

GENTLEMEN: Gen. Combs opened the ball here last night. He had written, but his letter did not come to hand till after the meeting. He arrived an hour only before the time for the meeting, but the boys of the "Bell" fired through the city and everybody knew it as if by magic. The court house and the square was filled with the liveliest and merriest crowd you ever saw.

The General took the stage amidst a shout that seemed to inspire even that gallant war-horse himself, and he is as game you know as any young steed that ever snuffed the smoke of battle. He is in fine trim and several years younger than he was 20 years ago.

The General never made a happier effort, nor that is saying a great deal. All were pleased with him, and some from all parties came from the meeting hot Combs men, while the Bell men proper caught a spirit will as a tempest. This county generally gives 300 majority, and the majority. Take up all the green ones that will bet it will not go for Combs.

On Friday, July 20th, the General that, for the sake of the cause, should by all means be made in every State in the Union before November. In 1859, when the country was threatened as now, Mr. Clay went from the same chamber to Gen. Combs to get up among the people mass meetings and sent resolutions, written in his own great hand, to be presented to the meeting. Experience, it seems to me that inspiration itself dictated those resolutions for these very times. The reading of them threw the crowd into the wildest storm. The General's speech was greeted and the crowd standing demanded a vote upon the resolutions, and, not satisfied with that, shouted for cheers that made the welkin ring with the sweetest Union music. These will be published in a day or two, and you will have some conception of their effect upon a crowd, presented by such an orator as Combs.

To-night Campbell county joins Kenton at Covington, when the General will address them from the Bell wagon, as it starts on the grand meeting at Cincinnati. NEWPORT.

THE LATE RAID ON THE CONFEDERATES—*Experiences of a Detective.*—About the 25th of last May Detective Beany, of the police of Washington, noticed there was quite a stir among the dealers in "money," or counterfeit money, both citizens and strangers. The fact explained above embraces proof that the farmers usually shipping to Alexandria are prosperous generally. Else they would be compelled to sell their wheat for whatever they can get for it, as nine farmers out of ten in the great and over bepuffed Northwest necessarily do, year by year. We believe that those who hold back wheat this year—that is, while the dealers show so little disposition to operate in the staple—will profit most. The crop is short the world over; and unless American wheat gluts the home market for the time being, the price in our Atlantic cities must come up, through offers to fill foreign orders.

☞Messrs. Lippincott & Co., of Philadelphia, have in press a collection of the miscellaneous writings of the late Richard Rush. It is entitled "Occasional Productions, Political, Diplomatic, and Miscellaneous." The volume is to be edited by his executors. The same house also announce among their forthcoming publications a work by the Hon. Charles J. Ingersoll, under the title of "Recollections, Historical, Political, Biographical, and Social, by experience, presenting annals, with portraitures of personages of this country from Genet's arrival in 1792 to the purchase of Louisiana in 1803; with which increase of the original United States many of their great events, physical and constitutional, are supposed to be connected."

☞There is now residing in Winchester a lady who is 82 years of age. She came to that place in 1800, walked across Clinch Mountain, carrying a child in her arms. From this old lady has sprung a numerous family. She now has 12 children, 85 grand children, and 45 great grand children living. She is very active for one of her age, going about and doing light house work with perfect ease.

☞Last Saturday a man named George Divinee was fatally stabbed in an affray at Baten-Rouge, Mercer county. Eleven of the combatants were arrested, but it was not ascertained who killed the unfortunate man.

☞Elder J. B. Tharp has resigned the pastorate of the Baptist Church in Frankfort.

BELL AND EVERETT MEETING IN CINCINNATI.—*Postponement and Subsequent Organization.*—The unpropitious state of the weather on Thursday evening did not prevent a large crowd of persons from turning out to attend the Bell and Everett ratification meeting. At 8 o'clock about a thousand persons had assembled in the market space; and although the rain was falling rapidly they waited patiently for the organization of the meeting. As the weather continued unfavorable, it was thought best to adjourn the meeting until Friday evening. Lewis D. Campbell, Esq., came forward and said:

*Fellow Citizens:* I have participated actively in the struggles of this country for nearly a quarter of a century, and in nothing any weightiness in the form of grey hairs to testify to that fact; but it is nevertheless true that thirty-two years ago about this time I embarked in the city of Cincinnati when the contest was being waged between Jackson and Adams, and ever since that time I have labored with more ardor than I did then. After such a service I had hoped that I might be permitted to retire at this time. But a few days since I received from one of my friends, representing a Committee of the people of Cincinnati, an invitation for myself to come here to-night. I came here for that purpose. [Cheers.] I came to show you that the principles which I imbibed when a poor boy in the Gazette office, traveling in the streets and alleys of Cincinnati—principles which came from the pen of the lamented Charles Hammond, are still alive within me. It was then that I heralded the great lesson, that the first duty of an American citizen is fidelity to the Constitution, the perpetuity of the Union and the enforcement of the laws. I have labored in the service of statesmen as Clay, Webster, Jackson, and Ewing for nearly a third of a century. I want to show you to-night that where such men led I now dare to follow. Even if the meeting had been driven from the inclemency of the weather, it has been deemed proper by the Executive Committee, that this meeting, called for the purpose of the most important principle and ratify the nomination which have been made in accordance with these principles, should be postponed till to-morrow night.—[Cheers.] Friends, there are thousands and tens of thousands of the friends of the Union, the Constitution and the laws, who are unable to attend the meeting to-night, and who, if they did attend, could not hear me. And, therefore, have simply made my appearance to perform, at the request of the committee, the duty of announcing to you that the meeting stands adjourned until to-morrow night, when it will come off at this place. [Cheers.] I will say to you further, my friends, that the speakers who have come for the purpose of addressing you to-night will address you to-morrow night.

The crowd appeared unwilling to disperse. Hon. Scott, Harrison made a few remarks, urging those present to turn out in full numbers this evening. The meeting then adjourned.

About half an hour later the Union Club of Covington arrived and marched in procession to the market house, and Hon. Richard T. Jacob, Coombs, Esq., addressed the meeting. He had served in a volunteer company in the war of 1812, and was glad that time was here when it would help the people of Ohio, so in the present canvass he was glad to say that Union-loving men would cheerfully come from Kentucky to assist in carrying out in peace the principles for which soldiers, Kentuckians, he said, would stand by Ohioans in the defence of the Constitution and the laws.

Mr. Coombs read a couple of letters addressed to him some years ago by Henry Clay, in which the present state of political parties was predicted, and in which Mr. Clay announced his intention to speak and write against Locofocoism, and advised others to do the same. Mr. Coombs remarked that he intended to travel through the Union to make himself heard in favor of the Bell and Everett ticket.

His speech was very much applauded.

John W. Finnell next came forward and spoke for a number of minutes. He said this campaign had assumed a very peculiar aspect. Years ago the Democratic party had the same principles preached both North and South; now such is not the case. He regarded the movements of the Republican party as unpatriotic also. He believed that the Union ticket represented the only true party now in the field. He would say, candidly, I say to you with all frankness, gentlemen, that Kentucky, in the November election, will give a majority to Bell and Everett such as she has not given since the days of Andrew Jackson."

Pollock Wilson, Esq., said: I regret that matters have turned out so unfavorably to us to-night as they have, I would say we will try it on, and give you a hearty invitation to come over to-morrow evening. We have only commenced the war. It is not the war of 1812, but the war of 1860. We are not going to be whipped by Republicanism, and we will help you Kentuckians, give you a hearty invitation to be here to-morrow night.—*Cin. Enq., of yesterday.*

### DIED,

On Thursday evening, 19th instant, GEORGE SMALL, infant son of Wm. H. and Ellen C. Steele, in the second year of his age.

HARRY BRAZEAU, infant son of W. H. and Nannie C. Frazee, aged 9 months and 20 days.

His funeral will take place from the corner of Market and Fourteenth streets, this morning at 9 o'clock.

On Friday, July 20th, MARIAN DAVIS, youngest child of Wm. and Catherine Janess, aged one year and 10 months.

The funeral will take place this morning at 9 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, on 10th street, between Market and Main. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

### OBITUARY.

Died on the 14th June, 1860, JOSEPH H. MCGIFFERTY, in the 46th year of his age.

We seldom are required, the death of one so universally loved, so much lamented, as our esteemed friend, who has attained to the full measure of man's days. Unfaltering, so manly, but life's journey is over. His spirit, freed from earth's cares, has gone to God who gave it. The solemn words we utter now, "well done good and faithful servant, enter thou into the joys of thy Lord," of the deceased may truly be said. What he was a faithful companion, affectionate father, and a devoted friend, but to him all a faithful christian in the full hope of a blest immortality in the world to come.

Without a memorial stone he long will rest below
His eyes are all mortality objects, to open them again at the resurrection of the just in a far brighter clime, where sickness, sorrow, pain, and death are felt and feared no more.

Oh! could we send one cheering ray to the home made desolate by death's relentless hand, how glad would we be; but we can only say, sympathize not, we those who have no hope; although in the earth has been broken, how much sweeter is the tie in heaven! and we will meet you, in a world where sorrow is not known to the loved ones on earth—I am waiting and watching.

A bruised reed He will not break
Affliction, all his children feel
He wounds them, but to heal.
He comforts them in every sore
He wounds them, but to heal.

M. A. S.

### OBITUARY.

Died July 13, 1860, at the residence of Doct. Geoghegan, Jefferson county, where she was making a short visit, MARTHA V. CUNNINGHAM, in the 18th year of her age.

Called in the morning of her life from among her many friends to whom she was much endear'd, she went through the dark valley of the shadow of death, calm and peaceful, trusting in her Redeemer.

She died believing fully in the Catholic religion, of which church she had been a member for three years. If I remember were taken to Litchfield, Grayson county, the home of her childhood, by interment.


COFFEE—474 bags prime Rio arriving and for sale by GOOD & MOODY.

POTATOES—50 bbls N. Y. Potatoes, just assorted and for sale at 75c to $1 25 per bbl by T. BLANCAGNIEL.

SARDINES—4,000 whole, half, and quarter boxes for sale by T. BLANCAGNIEL.

20 CASES CAMPBELL'S ALE, in pint bottles, in store and for sale by CORSWALL & BRO.

SUGAR—25 hhds fully fair landing in steamer Queen of the West and for sale by RAWSON & CO.

**Iron, Nails, &c.**

WE have in store and for sale at the manufacturers prices as follows:
500 tons charcoal and stonecoal Iron, assorted sizes;
200 tons Boiler Plates, Shoulder nuts;
3,000 kegs Nails, from 2d to 60d;
1,000 large Tin Plate, best brands;
500 kegs Burden's Improved Horse and Mule Shoes;
Little's Fire and Bevel Proof Steel.
W. B. BELKNAP & CO.

FLOUR—500 bbls Fancy Family, Double Extra, Superfine, and Fine just received per steamer Moses McLellan and for sale by A. J. PENTON, 36 Fourth st.

**Now Books.**

CODEY'S LADY'S BOOK for July.
PETERSON'S MAGAZINE for
THE CRICHTONS, by Alexander Dumas.
ROYALISTS AND REPUBLICANS, by Dumas.
For sale by JOHN P. MORTON & CO.

FILBERTS—50 bags fresh Filberts in store and for sale low to close consignment by SPARK & GALLAGHER.

FLOUR—Extra and Double Extra, in bbls and sacks, for sale by HIBBITT & SON.

NO. 10 SUGAR—150 bbls fully fair to boxes in store and for sale by ALLEN, MOORE & RADEN.

OATS—1,500 bushels extra Northern in store and for sale by [113] J. A. PENTON, 36 Fourth st.

CHOICE ST GARS—42 bbls in store and for sale by BRANNIN & ST MMERS.

RICE—20 casks prime landing from steamer J. B. Le Nord and for sale by RAWSON, TODD & CO.

**Notes and Letters.**

STATIONERY of all sizes, superior quality, at CLARKE'S.

SUGAR—
100 bbls fair to choice N. O.;
50 bbls A Refined; for sale by;
50 bbls A Refined; for sale by;
CHAMBERLAIN, GLEAMAN & TORBITT.

MILITARY COMPANIES can always be supplied with Cloths and Trimmings for Uniforms at very low figures. A large supply of the Kentucky State Guard Button constantly on hand.
[y4 J. VON HORRIES & CO., 496 Main st.

WATT 19, STARCH—300 boxes superior Starch, Corn and Wheat, in store and for sale by NOCK, WICKS, & CO.

MOLASSES—50 half bbls prime refboiled landing from steamer Decatur and for sale by RAWSON, TODD, & CO.

BACON AND LARD—
500 Sharp sugar-cured Hams;
1,500 Shoulders; do;
2,000 Bu English Split Peas;
500 bbls Prime Lard;
25 kegs do do;
in store and for sale by HIBBITT & SON.

WHITE FISH, &c.—
100 half bbls Lake Superior White Fish;
500 bbls do do Trout;
in store and for sale by CHUBB, VOSE & CO.

**New Books! New Books!**

THE Countess and the Page, by George W. M. Reynolds. Price 50 cents.
Dickens's Short Stories, containing a series of stories, never before published in America, by Charles Dickens (Boz). Price 50 cents.
Charles Lever's Works, bound in cloth. Price $1 25, paper, &c. Valentine wanted to turn State's evidence, but they had no need of his services, and declined his proposition. He was taken to Coolville and committed in default of $1,500.
Reany then returned to Parkersburg and found the lawyer who had defended Sutton had attacked the Bell and Everett ticket both in Court and out, and denounced them as Black Republican rascals, who had come to Virginia to steal negroes, and called on the citizens to run them out of town. The citizens, however, told the editor to go about and they would sustain them. Sutton's examination lasted five days, at the end of which his bail was placed at $2,500. Johnson was brought to Athens and committed in default of $200.

So complete was the success of the officers in this job, that on their arrival at Athens they set up the captured press, and in presence of the officers of the Athens County Bank, tried the press and plates, and found everything to work like a charm.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

*The Weather.*—No rain in this vicinity of any value for five days. Heat almost intolerable—thermometer ranging from 90 to 104 in the shade. Crops materially injured. Farmers looking impatient and rather chopfallen, and other folks ditto. This heat is dangerous. We advise people to keep cool—attend well to the quality of liquors they drink. Be sparing in the use of strong diet, using as a substitute a sound vegetable diet.—*Bowling Green Gazette.*

*Fire.*—The family residence of David Chapman was burned a few nights since, with the greater part of the household and kitchen furniture. The fire originated in the servants' room, which was in full blast before discovered, and being near the main dwelling, soon communicated to that. Loss, several thousand dollars. We sympathise with Mr. Chapman in the loss of his fine homestead.—*Bowling Green Gazette.*

(Communicated.)

The collection of rioting persons at the grocery (which it is said has no license to sell liquor) on the corner of the alley on Clay street, between Market and Jefferson, is a nuisance which the police ought to see abated.

LEMONS—50 boxes fresh Lemons received and fo sale by [118] V. D. GAETANO & CO.

**Envelops.**

OPAQUE, Epistolary, Note, Letter, Card, Wedding, &c., at [121] CLARKE'S.

BATTING—100 bales No. 1 Cumnitton for sale by GEO. W. MORRIS, 127 Third st.

COWS' HAIR—A good supply on hand and for sale b JAS. F. GAMBLE & CO

**AUGUST ELECTION.**

R. B. ROLLINS is a candidate for Clerk of the Court of Appeals, to fill out the unexpired term for which Mr. Revill was elected.
123 d&w

WE are authorized to announce BRENT HOPKINS, Esq., of Oldham county, as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Court of Appeals, made vacant by the death of R. R. Revill, Esq. For qualifications, refer to Phil. Swigart, Thos. S. Page, and A. G. Hodges.
121 dtd

**For Constable.**

THIRD AND FOURTH WARDS.

D. W. HUDGINSON is a candidate for Constable in the 2d District, composed of the Third and Fourth Wards, at the August election.
a16 dtd

H. S. HORD is authorized to announce JAMES H. HARRIS, a candidate for Constable in the district composed of the Third and Fourth Wards, at the ensuing August election.
a16 dtd

**For Sheriff.**

THE friends of WM. CROSS announce him as a Republican candidate for Sheriff of Jefferson county at the August election.
[y14 d&d

WE are authorized to announce J. W. DAVIS as a candidate for Sheriff of Jefferson county.

## MARSHAL'S SALES.

**Marshal's Sale.**

M. Mehall } In Chancery. No. 14,395.
against
M. Hemeyer }

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on Monday, July 23, 1860, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court-House door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6 and 12 months, the following property, to-wit:

A LOT OF GROUND,

In Louisville, Ky., beginning at a point on the south side of Market street 166 feet east of Brook street, thence east with Market street 17 feet 10 inches, and back southwardly in lines parallel 204 feet to the alley, being the same conveyed by Jacob Ruhl to Mary Ann Meyer, by deed recorded in Deed Book 127, page 495.

The purchaser will be required to give bond, with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained on the property.

W. C. D. WHIPS, M. L. C. C.
JAS. G. HALES, Deputies.
THOS. A. MORGAN,

jy18 d&w

**Marshal's Sale.**

Mary B. Warren by &c., } In Chancery. No. 13,549.
Robert Brazier, &c.,

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on Monday, July 23, 1860, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court-House door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6 and 12 months, the property in pleadings mentioned, viz:

A LOT, WITH IMPROVEMENTS,

25 feet front on the west side of Preston street, between Jefferson and Market streets, in said city. The north line adjoins the alley on the south side of Mary Warren's lot, and is 100 feet back. Anderson: Deed Book 86, page 175.]

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained on the property.

W. C. D. WHIPS, M. L. C. C.
JAS. G. HALES, Deputies.
THOS. A. MORGAN,

jy18 d&w

**Marshal's Sale.**

Fellows, &c. } In Chancery. No. 15,728.
against
A. C. Johnson, &c., }

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on Monday, July 23, 1860, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court-House door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 8 and 12 months, the following property, to-wit:

A LOT OF GROUND,

In Louisville, Ky., beginning at a point on the south side of Market street 166 feet east of Brook street, thence east with Market street 17 feet 10 inches, and back southwardly in lines parallel 204 feet to the alley, being the same conveyed by Jacob Ruhl to Mary Ann Meyer, by deed recorded in Deed Book 127, page 495.

The purchaser will be required to give bond, with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained on the property.

W. C. D. WHIPS, M. L. C. C.
JAS. G. HALES, Deputies.
THOS. A. MORGAN,

jy18 d&w

**Marshal's Sale.**

B. Brandford, &c., } In Chancery. No. 15,529.
against
J. H. Almes, &c.,

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on Monday, July 23, 1860, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court-House door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 1, 2, and 3 years,

LOCK 3, IN BEARGRASS,

Beginning at a stone on the corner of Rothwell street, corner common to Lots Nos. 8 and 9, in Campbell's addition to said city, running thence with Rothwell street south 68½ west 1,150 feet to a line which would be the middle of Hog-pasture street, if opened, thence with the same southwardly 330 feet, thence parallel to the northern line of Lot No. 9, 1,150 feet, to the original western line of said tract, thence with said line north 38 deg. 51 min., east 171 feet to the southern line of said tract, thence with the same south 68½ east 1,150 feet to the western line of Rothwell street, thence with that line north 21½ east 25 feet, to the beginning, containing 4 3-10 acres, being part of Lot No. 6 in Campbell's addition to said city, and conveyed to Bernard Brandford by deed recorded in Deed Book 127, page 495.

The purchaser will be required to give bond, with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained on the land as additional security.

W. C. D. WHIPS, M. L. C. C.
JAS. G. HALES, Deputies.
THOS. A. MORGAN,

jy18 dtd

**Marshal's Sale.**

W. Heffernan } In Chancery. No. 14,234.
against
M. Heffernan, &c., }

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on Monday, July 23, 1860, about the hour of 11 o'clock, A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the court house door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 8 months, the property in pleadings mentioned, viz:

A LOT OF GROUND,

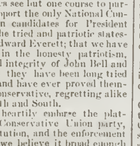
In said city, fronting 25 feet on the south side of Gray street, between Hancock and Clay streets, and running back southwardly 90 feet.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained on the property.

W. C. D. WHIPS, M. L. C. C.
JAS. G. HALES, Deputies.
THOS. A. MORGAN,

jy18 dtd


**DR. J. H. McLEAN'S**
**Strengthening Cordial**
**AND BLOOD PURIFIER.**
THE GREATEST REMEDY IN THE WORLD,
and the most
DELICIOUS AND
DELIGHTFUL
CORDIAL
*EVER TAKEN.*



It is strictly a scientific and Vegetable preparation, procured by the distillation of roots, herbs, and barks, viz: Yellow Dock, Blood Root, Burdock, Sarsaparilla, Wild Cherry Bark, and Queen's Delight, which are compounded in the most scientific manner. The entire active

Before Taking. After Taking

remedial principle of each ingredient is thoroughly extracted by my new process of distillation, producing a concentrating spirit, and the most infallible remedy for the cure of Scrofula in all its forms, and restoring the sick, suffering and debilitated invalid to health and strength.

**McLean's Strengthening Cordial**

Will effectually

# LOUISVILLE JOURNAL.

ECLIPSES.—The recent total solar eclipse, has, it is expected afforded opportunities for observation and illustration of certain new subjects of astronomical inquiry. Not long ago it will be remembered, Dr. Lescarbault, a French physician, made the fortunate discovery of what Leverrier and others had long been looking out for, viz., an intra-Mercurial planet, a planet revolving inside the orbit of Mercury. Leverrier concluded inside the orbit of Mercury. Leverrier concluded that there must be a group or small bodies lying in that region, but the intense light of the sun in that region, but the intense light of the sun makes it impossible to catch sight of them, except when they happen to cross the disc of that luminary. If on Mercury is too near the sun to be visible to the naked eye, except at rare intervals, how much more difficult they have not lest all their religious character in the estimation of men. Solar eclipses are not of rare occurrences—one happens every six months and sometimes two—but they are nearly always partial, that is to say, the disc of the sun is only partially covered by the in erposed body of the moon. There are but three or four known records of total eclipses of the sun in ancient times, and one of these was only recently brought to light. The first of these is that of Herodotus. He remarks:

Just as the battle [between the Medes and the Lydians] was growing warm, the day was suddenly changed into night. This event had been foretold by Thales, the Milesian, who forewarned the Ionians of it, fixing for it the very year in which it actually took place. The Medes and Lydians, when they observed the change, ceased fighting, and were alike anxious to have terms of peace agreed on.

The next to that of Xenophon, who mentions, in the Anabasis, an eclipse of the sun having led to the capture by the Persians of a Median city which he called Larissa, since identified as the modern Nimrud.

When the Persians obtained the Empire [of the East] from the Medes, the King of the Persians loosened the city [Larissa] out could not in any way take it, till a cloud, and a thick mist accompanied it to disappear completely, so that the inhabitants saw it not, and thus the city was taken.

The next is that of Diodorus, in his history of a war between the Sicilians and Carthaginians, where he is describing the escape of Agathocles, the King of Sicily, from the harbor of Syracuse, in which his fleet was blockaded by a superior fleet of the enemy:

There was such an eclipse of the sun that the day wholly put on the appearance of night, stars been seen everywhere.

The following account is also furnished by Herodotus:

While the spring the army [of the Persians] before the city set out from Sardis on its march to Another, and as it was crossing the river Halys, having passed which two wars invaded it, where there were no roads, but a perfect flood of waters, and it would have been difficult for either side to proceed had it became night. Xerxes, whom this could not but be known, required the Magi what the appearance portended. They replied that he delay was predicted to the Greeks the steer but of night by giving to them the sun and the progress to for the Greeks, the moon for the Persians. When Xerxes heard this he was very joyful, and proceeded on his march.

Professor Airy, in the Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London for 1858, examined this whole account, and concludes that it cannot be explained by a solar eclipse; but that Herodotus, who repeatedly expresses himself doubtfully on matters of detail which occurred during the movements of Xerxes on the eastern side of the Ægean sea, had been misinformed, and that the phenomenon in question was an eclipse of the moon, and not of the sun. Sir John Herschel, in his history of Persia, remarks:

We are told by the Persian papers that a battle which was fought [between the Medes and the Lydians] was growing warm, when the day was suddenly changed into night. This event had been foretold by Thales, the Milesian, who forewarned the Ionians of it, fixing for it the very year in which it actually took place. The Medes and Lydians, when they observed the change, ceased fighting, and were alike anxious to have terms of peace agreed on.

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When the Persians obtained the Empire [of the East] from the Medes, the King of the Persians loosened the city [Larissa] out could not in any way take it, till a cloud, and a thick mist accompanied it to disappear completely, so that the inhabitants saw it not, and thus the city was taken.

The next is that of Diodorus, in his history of a war between the Sicilians and Carthaginians, where he is describing the escape of Agathocles, the King of Sicily, from the harbor of Syracuse, in which his fleet was blockaded by a superior fleet of the enemy:

The Tribune, in a very interesting article on the general subject of eclipses, says that from being objects of circumstances as indicating the wrath of the gods, come to be regarded with the greatest interest among all classes of civilized nations. Though, for the most part, they excite no longer any superstitious dread, they have not lost all their religious character in the estimation of men. Solar eclipses are not of rare occurrences—one happens every six months and sometimes two—but they are nearly always partial, that is to say, the disc of the sun is only partially covered by the in erposed body of the moon. There are but three or four known records of total eclipses of the sun in ancient times, and one of these was only recently brought to light. The first of these is that of Herodotus. He remarks:

Just as the battle [between the Medes and the Lydians] was growing warm,